

# 7261 Security Basics and Cryptosystems

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## Exercises

### 1. Attack against Otway-Rees protocol

The Otway-Rees protocol has a vulnerability described in <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Otway-Rees>. Explain how that vulnerability is exploited.

### 2. Compromise of long term keys

Verify that for any of the symmetric key establishment protocols the following holds: If an attacker manages to compromise the long term keys at some point in time, then he can decrypt all past sessions, assuming that he has recorded the key establishment protocol messages.

### 3. Known session-key attacks

Recapitulate the notion of *known session-key attacks*. Argue why the Kerberos and the Otway-Rees protocol are secure against known session-key attacks.

### 4. Attacking synchronized clock protocols

Assume that an attacker can control the clocks of Alice, Bob, and the KDC, respectively. Can you come up with any attacks on the Kerberos protocol?

### 5. Man in the middle attacks

Describe a man in the middle attack on the Diffie-Hellman protocol. Why does the attack fail on the station to station protocol?